Consolidated

Three	Months	Ended	March	31	2019
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	Breathing Apparatus	Firefighter Helmets and Protective Apparel	Industrial Head Protection	Portable Gas Detection	Fixed Gas and Flame Detection	Fall Protection	Core Sales	Non- Core Sales	Net Sales
GAAP reported sales change	1%	(2)%	2%	(4)%	(1)%	17%	1%	(7)%	%
Plus: Currency translation effects	3%	2 %	4%	4 %	3 %	5%	3%	5 %	3%
Constant currency sales change	4%	— %	6%	— %	2 %	22%	4%	(2)%	3%

Americas Segment

Three Months Ended March 31, 2019

	Breathing Apparatus	Firefighter Helmets and Protective Apparel	Industrial Head Protection	Portable Gas Detection	Fixed Gas and Flame Detection	Fall Protection	Core Sales	Non-Core Sales	Net Sales
GAAP reported sales change	3%	1%	%	(6)%	1%	27%	2%	1%	2%
Plus: Currency translation effects	_%	—%	3%	1 %	1%	3%	1%	3%	1%
Constant currency sales change	3%	1%	3%	(5)%	2%	30%	3%	4%	3%

International Segment

Three Mont	hs Ended	March	31.	2019
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	Breathing Apparatus	Firefighter Helmets and Protective Apparel	Industrial Head Protection	Portable Gas Detection	Fixed Gas and Flame Detection	Fall Protection	Core Sales	Non-Core Sales	Net Sales
GAAP reported sales change	(3)%	(13)%	11%	2%	(3)%	5%	(1)%	(15)%	(4)%
Plus: Currency translation effects	8 %	7 %	8%	8%	7 %	7%	7 %	7 %	8 %
Constant currency sales change	5 %	(6)%	19%	10%	4 %	12%	6 %	(8)%	4 %

Consolidated

Three Months Ended March 31, 2019	
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	Firefighter Safety	Gas Detection	Industrial Core PPE	Core Sales	Non-Core Sales	Net Sales
GAAP reported sales change	%	(2)%	9%	1%	(7)%	—%
Plus: Currency translation effects	2%	3 %	4%	3%	5 %	3%
Constant currency sales change	2%	1 %	13%	4%	(2)%	3%

Emerging Markets

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2019				
	Net Sales				
GAAP reported sales change	1%				
Plus: Currency translation effects	7%				
Constant currency sales change	8%				

	,	Americas	In	ternational	Со	rporate	Сс	onsolidated
Three Months Ended March 31, 2019 Sales to external customers Operating income Operating margin % Restructuring charges Currency exchange losses, net Product liability expense Strategic transaction costs	\$	213,687	\$	112,351	\$	_	\$	326,038 32,160 9.9% 5,831 16,961 2,896 456
Adjusted operating income (loss) Adjusted operating margin % Depreciation and amortization		54,803 25.6%		11,040 9.8%		(7,539)		58,304 17.9% 9,326
Adjusted EBITDA Adjusted EBITDA %		60,900 28.5%		14,171 12.6%		(7,441)		67,630 20.7%
Three Months Ended March 31, 2018 Sales to external customers Operating income Operating margin % Restructuring charges Currency exchange losses, net Product liability expense Strategic transaction costs	\$	209,129	\$	116,765	\$	_	\$	325,894 44,435 13.6% 5,274 2,008 2,824 94
Adjusted operating income (loss) Adjusted operating margin % Depreciation and amortization Adjusted EBITDA		50,086 23.9% 56,225		12,778 10.9% 16,209		(8,229)		54,635 16.8% 9,671 64,306
Adjusted EBITDA %		26.9%		13.9%				19.7%

The Americas segment is comprised of our operations in the U.S., Canada and Latin America. The International segment is comprised of our operations in all other parts of the world including Europe, Africa, the Middle East, India, China, South East Asia and Australia. Certain global expenses are allocated to each segment in a manner consistent with where the benefits from the expenses are derived.

Adjusted operating income (loss), adjusted operating margin, adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) and adjusted EBITDA margin are the measures used by the chief operating decision maker to evaluate segment performance and allocate resources. As such, management believes that adjusted operating income (loss), adjusted operating margin, adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA margin are useful metrics for investors. Adjusted operating income (loss) is defined as operating income excluding restructuring charges, currency exchange gains / losses, product liability expense and strategic transaction costs and adjusted operating margin is defined as adjusted operating income (loss) divided by segment sales to external customers. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as adjusted operating income (loss) plus depreciation and amortization and adjusted EBITDA margin is defined as adjusted EBITDA divided by segment sales to external customers. Adjusted operating income (loss), adjusted operating margin, adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA margin are not recognized terms under GAAP and therefore do not purport to be alternatives to operating income or operating margin as a measure of operating performance. The Company's definition of adjusted operating income (loss), adjusted operating margin, adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA margin may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies. As such, management believes that it is appropriate to consider operating income determined on a GAAP basis in addition to these non-GAAP measures.

MSA Safety Incorporated Reconciliation of As Reported Financial Measures to Non-GAAP Financial Measures Adjusted effective tax rate (Unaudited)

	March 31,			
	2019	2018		
GAAP reported effective tax rate	27.8 %	22.6%		
Tax impact of non-cash charge related to the recognition of currency translation adjustments	(11.3)%	—%		
Tax benefit associated with ASU 2016-09: Improvements to employee share-based payment accounting	7.5 %	2.2%		
Adjusted effective tax rate	24.0 %	24.8%		

Three Months Ended

Management believes that adjusted effective tax rate is a useful measure for investors. The adjusted effective tax rate excludes tax benefits that are unrelated to the ongoing operations of the company. There can be no assurances that MSA's metric is consistent with metrics used by other companies. As such, management believes that it is appropriate to consider MSA's effective tax rate determined on a GAAP basis as well as this non-GAAP measure.

MSA Safety Incorporated Reconciliation of As Reported Financial Measures to Non-GAAP Financial Measures Adjusted earnings (Unaudited) Adjusted earnings per diluted share (Unaudited) (In thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended March 31,				
				% Change	
Net income attributable to MSA Safety Incorporated	\$	23,232	\$	32,371	(28)%
Non-deductible non-cash charge related to the recognition of currency translation adjustments ^(a)		15,359		_	
Tax benefit associated with ASU 2016-09: Improvements to employee share-based payment accounting		(2,422)		(914)	
Subtotal		36,169		31,457	15%
Restructuring charges		5,831		5,274	
Currency exchange losses, net		1,602		2,008	
Other operating expense		2,896		2,824	
Strategic transaction costs		456		94	
Asset related losses and other, net		25		17	
Income tax expense on adjustments		(2,594)		(2,534)	
Adjusted earnings	\$	44,385	\$	39,140	13%
Adjusted earnings per diluted share	\$	1.14	\$	1.01	13%

⁽a) Included in Currency exchange losses, net on the Statement of Income.

Management believes that adjusted earnings and adjusted earnings per diluted share are useful measures for investors, as management uses these measures to internally assess the company's performance and ongoing operating trends. There can be no assurances that additional special items will not occur in future periods, nor that MSA's definition of adjusted earnings is consistent with that of other companies. As such, management believes that it is appropriate to consider both net income determined on a GAAP basis as well as adjusted earnings.

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MSA Safety Incorporated Reconciliation of As Reported Financial Measures to Non-GAAP Financial Measures Debt to adjusted EBITDA / Net debt to adjusted EBITDA (Unaudited) (In thousands)

	Months Ended March 31,
	2019
Net income attributable to MSA Safety Incorporated	\$ 115,011
Provision for income taxes	36,718
Interest expense	16,460
Depreciation and amortization	37,507
Restructuring charges	13,804
Currency exchange losses, net	17,283
Other operating expense	45,399
Strategic transaction costs	783
Loss on extinguishment of debt	1,494
Other income, net	 (9,470)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 274,989
Total end-of-period debt	377,459
Debt to adjusted EBITDA	1.4
Total end-of-period debt	377,459
Total end-of-period cash and cash equivalents	107,668
Net debt	\$ 269,791
Net debt to adjusted EBITDA	1.0

Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure. MSA defines this measure as net income attributable to the Company, excluding interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, restructuring charges, other operating expense, currency exchange gains/losses, strategic transaction costs and other income. Management believes this information is useful for investors to analyze profitability trends of the Company. Adjusted EBITDA, as defined herein, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies. Furthermore, this performance measure does not take into account certain significant items that directly affect net income. Adjusted EBITDA should be considered in addition to GAAP measures such as net income.

Debt to adjusted EBITDA ratio is a non-GAAP measure defined as total long term debt and debt maturing within one year divided by adjusted EBITDA, as reconciled above. Net debt to adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure defined as total long term debt and debt maturing within one year, minus cash and cash equivalents divided by adjusted EBITDA, as reconciled above. These ratios are frequently used by investors and credit agencies and management believes this measures provides relevant and useful information.

MSA Safety Incorporated Reconciliation of As Reported Financial Measures to Non-GAAP Financial Measures Free cash flow (Unaudited) (In thousands, except percentages)

	Three Mon Marc				
	2019		2018		
Cash flow from operating activities Capital expenditures	\$	1,217 (4,897)	\$	17,353 (3,241)	
Free cash flow	\$	(3,680)	\$	14,112	
Net income attributable to MSA Safety Incorporated	\$	23,232	\$	32,371	
Free cash flow conversion	(16)%		44%		

Management believes that free cash flow is a meaningful measure for investors. Management reviews cash from operations after deducting capital expenditures because these expenditures are necessary to promote growth of MSA's business and are likely to produce cash from operations in future periods. It is important to note that free cash flow does not reflect the residual cash balance of the company for discretionary spending since other items, including debt and dividend payments, are deducted from free cash flow before arriving at the company's ending cash balance. Management defines free cash flow conversion as free cash flow divided by net income attributable to MSA. There can be no assurances that MSA's definition of free cash flow is consistent with that of other companies. As such, management believes that it is appropriate to consider cash from operating activities determined on a GAAP basis as well as free cash flow.