Consolidated

Three Months Ended September 30, 2019

	Breathing Apparatus	Firefighter Helmets and Protective Apparel	Industrial Head Protection	Portable Gas Detection	Fixed Gas and Flame Detection	Fall Protection	Core Sales	Non-Core Sales	Net Sales
GAAP reported sales change	(11)%	19%	2%	12%	17%	24%	7%	(3)%	6%
Plus: Currency translation effects	1 %	2%	2%	2%	1%	3%	2%	2 %	2%
Constant currency sales change	(10)%	21%	4%	14%	18%	27%	9%	(1)%	8%

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019

	Breathing Apparatus	Firefighter Helmets and Protective Apparel	Industrial Head Protection	Portable Gas Detection	Fixed Gas and Flame Detection	Fall Protection	Core Sales	Non-Core Sales	Net Sales
GAAP reported sales change	(4)%	6%	1%	4%	9%	21%	4%	(6)%	3%
Plus: Currency translation effects	2 %	2%	2%	2%	3%	4%	3%	3 %	2%
Constant currency sales change	(2)%	8%	3%	6%	12%	25%	7%	(3)%	5%

Americas Segment

Three Months Ended September 30, 2019

	Breathing Apparatus	Firefighter Helmets and Protective Apparel	Industrial Head Protection	Portable Gas Detection	Fixed Gas and Flame Detection	Fall Protection	Core Sales	Non-Core Sales	Net Sales
GAAP reported sales change	(8)%	15%	1%	13%	27%	40%	11%	22%	12%
Plus: Currency translation effects	— %	1%	1%	1%	—%	1%	%	1%	1%
Constant currency sales change	(8)%	16%	2%	14%	27%	41%	11%	23%	13%

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019

	Breathing Apparatus	Firefighter Helmets and Protective Apparel	Industrial Head Protection	Portable Gas Detection	Fixed Gas and Flame Detection	Fall Protection	Core Sales	Non-Core Sales	Net Sales
GAAP reported sales change	1%	6%	—%	4%	16%	31%	7%	9%	7%
Plus: Currency translation effects	-%	%	1%	1%	—%	1%	1%	1%	1%
Constant currency sales change	1%	6%	1%	5%	16%	32%	8%	10%	8%

International Segment

Three Months Ended September 30, 2019

	Breathing Apparatus	Firefighter Helmets and Protective Apparel	Industrial Head Protection	Portable Gas Detection	Fixed Gas and Flame Detection	Fall Protection	Core Sales	Non-Core Sales	Net Sales
GAAP reported sales change	(17)%	43%	6%	10%	6%	2%	1%	(28)%	(4)%
Plus: Currency translation effects	3 %	6%	3%	3%	3%	5%	3%	3 %	3 %
Constant currency sales change	(14)%	49%	9%	13%	9%	7%	4%	(25)%	(1)%

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019

	Breathing Apparatus	Firefighter Helmets and Protective Apparel	Industrial Head Protection	Portable Gas Detection	Fixed Gas and Flame Detection	Fall Protection	Core Sales	Non-Core Sales	Net Sales
GAAP reported sales change	(12)%	8%	5%	3%	2%	8%	—%	(21)%	(4)%
Plus: Currency translation effects	5 %	7%	6%	6%	5%	6%	5%	4 %	5 %
Constant currency sales change	(7)%	15%	11%	9%	7%	14%	5%	(17)%	1 %

Consolidated

Three	Months	Ended	September	30.	2019

	Firefighter Safety	Gas Detection	Industrial Core PPE	Core Sales	Non-Core Sales	Net Sales
GAAP reported sales change	(2)%	15%	12%	7%	(3)%	6%
Plus: Currency translation effects	1 %	2%	1%	2%	2 %	2%
Constant currency sales change	(1)%	17%	13%	9%	(1)%	8%

Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019

	Firefighter Safety	Gas Detection	Industrial Core PPE	Core Sales	Non-Core Sales	Net Sales
GAAP reported sales change	—%	7%	9%	4%	(6)%	3%
Plus: Currency translation effects	2%	2%	3%	3%	3 %	2%
Constant currency sales change	2%	9%	12%	7%	(3)%	5%

	 Americas	In	ternational	С	orporate	Сс	onsolidated
Three Months Ended September 30, 2019 Sales to external customers Operating income Operating margin % Restructuring charges Currency exchange (gains), net Product liability expense Strategic transaction costs	\$ 234,624	\$	116,390	\$	_	\$	351,014 59,614 17.0% 1,850 (913) 1,730 952
Adjusted operating income (loss) Adjusted operating margin % Depreciation and amortization	58,971 25.1%		13,776 11.8%		(9,514)		63,233 18.0% 9,547
Adjusted EBITDA %	65,342 27.8%		16,854 14.5%		(9,416)		72,780 20.7%
Three Months Ended September 30, 2018 Sales to external customers Operating income Operating margin % Restructuring charges Currency exchange (gains), net Product liability expense Strategic transaction costs	\$ 209,343	\$	121,753	\$	_	\$	331,096 40,003 12.1% 2,615 (252) 14,627 56
Adjusted operating income (loss) Adjusted operating margin % Depreciation and amortization	51,532 24.6%		13,329 10.9%		(7,812)		57,049 17.2% 9,378
Adjusted EBITDA Adjusted EBITDA %	57,573 27.5%		16,559 13.6%		(7,705)		66,427

	Americas	In	ternational	C	Corporate	Co	onsolidated
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2019 Sales to external customers Operating income	\$ 679,699	\$	347,027	\$	_	\$	1,026,726 146,252
Operating margin % Restructuring charges Currency exchange losses, net							14.2% 11,203 17,338
Product liability expense Strategic transaction costs							8,155 2,937
Adjusted operating income (loss) Adjusted operating margin % Depreciation and amortization	171,463 25.2%		39,888 11.5%		(25,466)		185,885 18.1% 28,339
Adjusted EBITDA Adjusted EBITDA %	190,084 28.0%		49,313 14.2%		(25,173)		214,224 20.9%
Nine Months Ended September 30, 2018 Sales to external customers Operating income Operating margin % Restructuring charges Currency exchange losses, net Product liability expense Strategic transaction costs	\$ 633,812	\$	362,508	\$	_	\$	996,320 131,235 13.2% 10,223 2,571 25,469 208
Adjusted operating income (loss) Adjusted operating margin % Depreciation and amortization	151,456 23.9%		41,960 11.6%		(23,710)		169,706 17.0% 28,585
Adjusted EBITDA Adjusted EBITDA %	169,691 26.8%		52,001 14.3%		(23,401)		198,291 19.9%

The Americas segment is comprised of our operations in the U.S., Canada and Latin America. The International segment is comprised of our operations in all other parts of the world including Europe, Africa, the Middle East, India, China, South East Asia and Australia. Certain global expenses are allocated to each segment in a manner consistent with where the benefits from the expenses are derived. Adjusted operating income (loss), adjusted operating margin, adjusted earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA) and adjusted EBITDA margin are the measures used by the chief operating decision maker to evaluate segment performance and allocate resources. As such, management believes that adjusted operating income (loss), adjusted operating margin, adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA margin are useful metrics for investors. Adjusted operating income (loss) is defined as operating income excluding restructuring charges, currency exchange gains / losses, product liability expense and strategic transaction costs and adjusted operating margin is defined as adjusted operating income (loss) divided by segment sales to external customers. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as adjusted operating income (loss) plus depreciation and amortization and adjusted EBITDA margin is defined as adjusted EBITDA divided by segment sales to external customers. Adjusted operating income (loss), adjusted operating margin, adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA margin are not recognized terms under GAAP and therefore do not purport to be alternatives to operating income or operating margin as a measure of operating performance. The Company's definition of adjusted operating income (loss), adjusted operating margin, adjusted EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA margin may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies. As such, management believes that it is appropriate to consider operating income determined on a GAAP basis in addition to these non-GAAP measures.

MSA Safety Incorporated Reconciliation of As Reported Financial Measures to Non-GAAP Financial Measures Organic constant currency SG&A expense (Unaudited) (In thousands)

		nths Ended nber 30,		Nine Mon Septem		
	2019 2018 0		% Change	2019	2018	% Change
GAAP reported SG&A expense	\$ 82,900	\$ 78,013	6%	\$245,337	\$240,226	2%
Plus: Currency translation effects		(1,276)			(5,488)	
Constant currency SG&A expense	\$ 82,900	\$ 76,737	8%	\$245,337	\$234,738	5%
Less: Acquisitions and strategic transaction costs	3,246			6,682		
Organic constant currency SG&A expense	\$ 79,654	\$ 76,737	4%	\$238,655	\$234,738	2%

Management believes that organic constant currency SG&A expense is a useful metric for investors to measure the effectiveness of the company's cost reduction programs. Constant currency SG&A expense highlights spending patterns excluding fluctuating foreign currencies. Organic constant currency SG&A expense highlights the impact of acquisitions and strategic transaction costs. These metrics provide investors with a greater level of clarity into spending levels on a year-over-year basis. There can be no assurances that MSA's definition of organic constant currency SG&A expense is consistent with that of other companies. As such, management believes that it is appropriate to consider SG&A expense determined on a GAAP basis in addition to this non-GAAP financial measure.

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended	
			September 30,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
GAAP reported effective tax rate	26.9 %	11.0%	26.3 %	19.1%
Tax benefit associated with U.S. Tax Reform	— %	3.7%	— %	1.3%
Tax (expense) associated with the recognition of non-cash currency translation adjustments	(0.1)%	—%	(2.5)%	—%
Tax benefit associated with other operating expense	— %	3.7%	— %	0.9%
Tax benefit associated with ASU 2016-09: Improvements to employee share-based payment accounting	0.3 %	0.8%	1.5 %	1.6%
Adjusted effective tax rate	27.1 %	19.2%	25.3 %	22.9%

Management believes that adjusted effective tax rate is a useful measure for investors. The adjusted effective tax rate excludes tax benefits that are unrelated to the ongoing operations of the company. There can be no assurances that MSA's metric is consistent with metrics used by other companies. As such, management believes that it is appropriate to consider MSA's effective tax rate determined on a GAAP basis as well as this non-GAAP measure.

MSA Safety Incorporated Reconciliation of As Reported Financial Measures to Non-GAAP Financial Measures Adjusted earnings (Unaudited) Adjusted earnings per diluted share (Unaudited) (In thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Months Ended September 30,		
	2019	2018	% Change	2019	2018	% Change
Net income attributable to MSA Safety Incorporated	\$ 42,239	\$ 33,717	25%	\$105,278	\$ 99,267	6%
Tax (benefit) associated with U.S. Tax Reform	\$ —	\$ (1,956)		_	(1,956)	
Non-deductible non-cash charge related to the recognition of currency translation adjustments	_	_		15,359	_	
Tax benefit associated with ASU 2016-09: Improvements to employee share-based payment accounting	(187)	(430)		(2,180)	(2,306)	
Subtotal	42,052	31,331	34%	118,457	95,005	25%
Product liability expense	1,730	14,627		8,155	25,469	
Restructuring charges	1,850	2,615		11,203	10,223	
Strategic transaction costs	952	56		2,937	208	
Currency exchange (gains) losses, net	(913)	(252)		1,979	2,571	
Loss on extinguishment of debt	0	1,494		0	1,494	
Asset related losses (gains), net	38	(733)		271	415	
Income tax expense on adjustments	(878)	(4,024)		(5,912)	(9,645)	
Adjusted earnings	\$ 44,831	\$ 45,114	(1)%	\$137,090	\$125,740	9%
Adjusted earnings per diluted share	\$ 1.15	\$ 1.16	(1)%	\$ 3.50	\$ 3.23	8%

Management believes that adjusted earnings and adjusted earnings per diluted share are useful measures for investors, as management uses these measures to internally assess the company's performance and ongoing operating trends. There can be no assurances that additional special items will not occur in future periods, nor that MSA's definition of adjusted earnings is consistent with that of other companies. As such, management believes that it is appropriate to consider both net income determined on a GAAP basis as well as adjusted earnings.

MSA Safety Incorporated Reconciliation of As Reported Financial Measures to Non-GAAP Financial Measures Debt to adjusted EBITDA / Net debt to adjusted EBITDA (Unaudited) (In thousands)

	Twelve Months Ended September 30,	
		2019
Net income attributable to MSA Safety Incorporated	\$	130,160
Provision for income taxes		51,527
Interest expense		15,516
Depreciation and amortization		37,606
Restructuring charges		14,227
Currency exchange losses, net		17,097
Product liability expense		28,013
Strategic transaction costs		3,150
Other income, net		(9,788)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	287,508
Total end-of-period debt		372,073
Debt to adjusted EBITDA		1.3
Total end-of-period debt		372,073
Total end-of-period cash and cash equivalents		108,481
Net debt	\$	263,592
Net debt to adjusted EBITDA		0.9

Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure. MSA defines this measure as net income attributable to the Company, excluding interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization, restructuring charges, other operating expense, currency exchange gains/losses, strategic transaction costs and other income. Management believes this information is useful for investors to analyze profitability trends of the Company. Adjusted EBITDA, as defined herein, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies. Furthermore, this performance measure does not take into account certain significant items that directly affect net income. Adjusted EBITDA should be considered in addition to GAAP measures such as net income.

Debt to adjusted EBITDA ratio is a non-GAAP measure defined as total long term debt and debt maturing within one year divided by adjusted EBITDA, as reconciled above. Net debt to adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP measure defined as total long term debt and debt maturing within one year, minus cash and cash equivalents divided by adjusted EBITDA, as reconciled above. These ratios are frequently used by investors and credit agencies and management believes this measures provides relevant and useful information.

MSA Safety Incorporated Reconciliation of As Reported Financial Measures to Non-GAAP Financial Measures Free cash flow (Unaudited) (In thousands, except percentages)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Cash flow from operating activities	\$50,705	\$120,815	\$88,250	\$186,197
Capital expenditures	(9,998)	(9,808)	(23,523)	(18,620)
Free cash flow	\$40,707	\$111,007	\$64,727	\$167,577
Net income attributable to MSA Safety Incorporated	\$42,239	\$33,717	\$105,278	\$99,267
Free cash flow conversion	96%	329%	61%	169%

Management believes that free cash flow is a meaningful measure for investors. Management reviews cash from operations after deducting capital expenditures because these expenditures are necessary to promote growth of MSA's business and are likely to produce cash from operations in future periods. It is important to note that free cash flow does not reflect the residual cash balance of the company for discretionary spending since other items, including debt and dividend payments, are deducted from free cash flow before arriving at the company's ending cash balance. Management defines free cash flow conversion as free cash flow divided by net income attributable to MSA. There can be no assurances that MSA's definition of free cash flow is consistent with that of other companies. As such, management believes that it is appropriate to consider cash from operating activities determined on a GAAP basis as well as free cash flow.